

#### How Safe is "Safe"



Goal: Safer after pushing button than before



# Foundation in Safety

Goal: Not Just Safer Overall, but also:

 Safer even than trucks equipped with CMS/AEB

- Safer in key types of situations:
  - Lead truck hard braking
  - Lead truck collision



# Situation: Front truck hard braking





### Situation: Front truck collisions





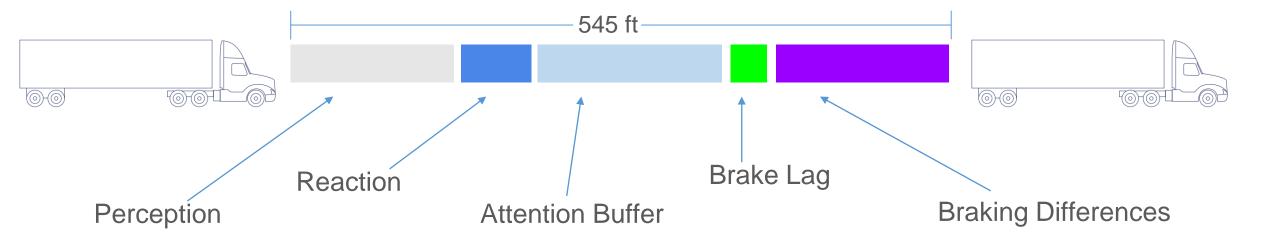
# How We Make Platooning Safe



- Safe Functionality:
  - V2V+V2Cloud
- Safe Design/HW/SW:
  - ISO26262
- Safe Driver:
  - **UI, UX, Driver Study**



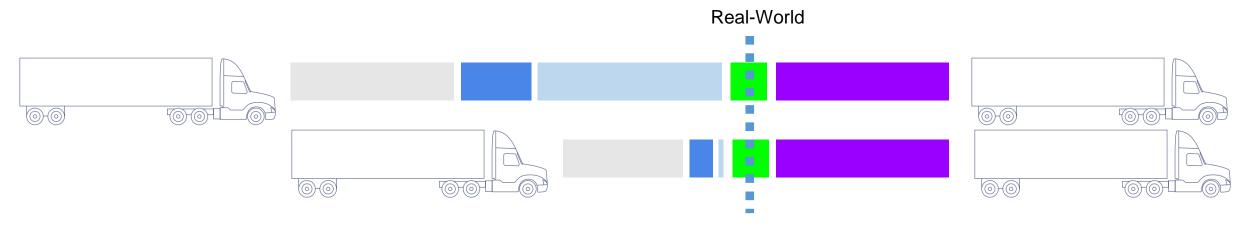
# Manual Following



- Safe following distance is many hundreds of feet
- Real world following distances much shorter
  - → Collision rate significant
- Many collisions at high impact velocity



# Radar/Lidar Following



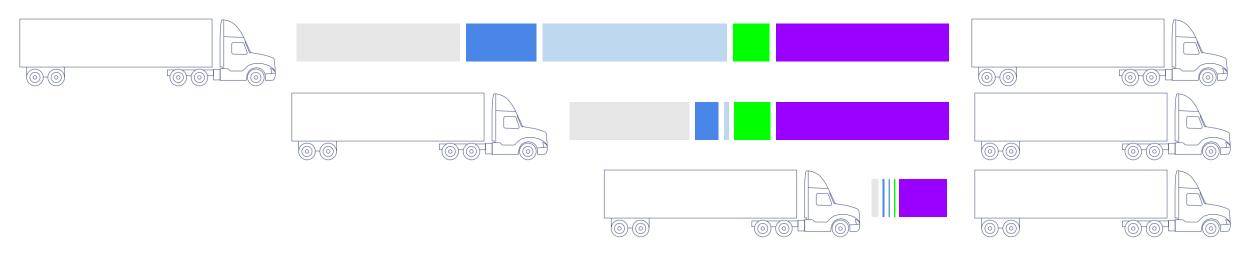
Attention Buffer Eliminated

Reduces to ~300ft safe distance

- Perception/Reaction decreased
- In real world, cut in vehicles frequently reduce following distance: Average of <200ft following distance</li>
- Lower but still significant collision rate
- Mitigates impact velocity of many collisions



# **Platooning**



- Brings following distance down to 30-50ft
- Reduces cut-ins → Maintain platoon most of the time
- Our data/analysis suggests:
  - · Collisions can still occur, but lower rate
  - Impact velocity reduced in most cases



#### Power of V2V





#### Applying ISO 26262\* to Platooning

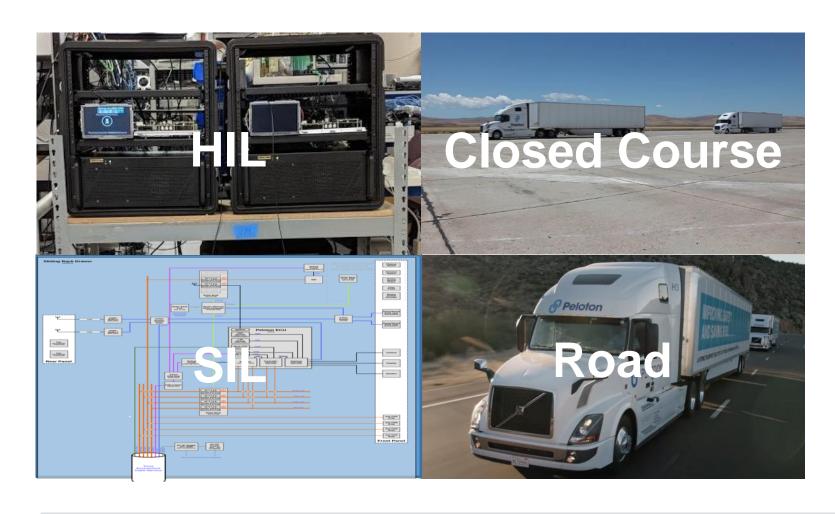
ISO used to create traceable **design requirements** for **V&V** 

- **Item Def**: specifies functional concept and Operational Design Domain (ODD)
- HARA: identifies hazardous scenarios based on Item Def and generates Safety Goals and ASIL ratings
- Functional Safety Concept (FSC) and Functional Safety Requirements (FSRs): high level strategy, FSR and ASIL allocation to system components.
- Technical Safety Concept (TSC) and Technical Safety Requirements (TSRs): Specification of Safety Mechanism into testable requirements





#### How We Test



All tied to ISO26262-Derived Requirements



# Impact of platooning on drivers' attention

#### **Driver Stimuli**

**Standard Driving Tasks** 

Steering, Awareness

**Platoon Control** 

Monitor, draw-in, dissolve

**Lead Truck Video Feed** 

Follow driver scan (similar to mirror)

**Driver Communication** 

Teamwork, sharing information, planning

**Driver Attention?** 

Peloton Experience

**Formal Studies** 

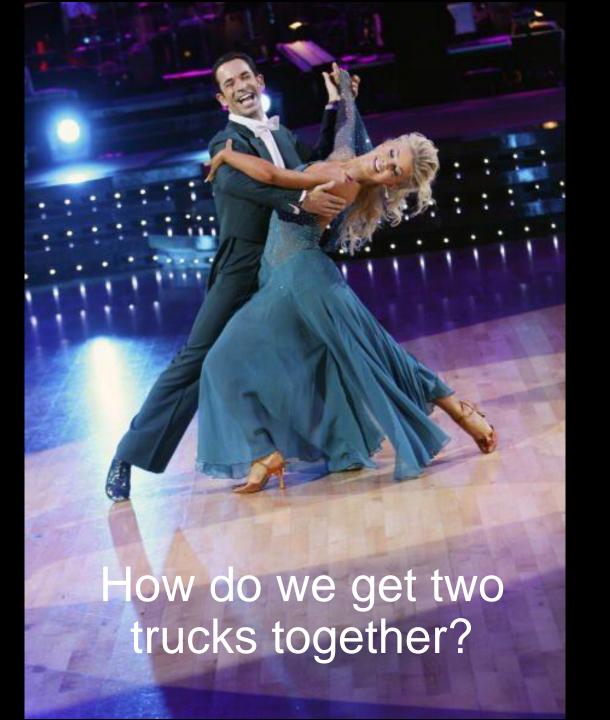
Empirical evidence has shown no impact on the follow driver of long duration platooning

Working with a university on simulator and on-road studies. Initial simulator results indicate steady attention factors during platooning such as heart rate, reaction time and eye gaze



# Real Savings





# Maximize Platooning Usage

Long-Term

**Ubiquitous Platooning** 

- Density creates opportunities
- · Cross-fleet, cross-shipper
- Opportunistic in addition to scheduled



# Maximize Platooning Usage

Low Hanging Fruit

Long-Term

**Intra-Fleet** 

Ubiquitous **Platooning** 

- Pairs (or more) of trucks from within the same fleet
- Typical in LTL, dedicated, linehaul, relay style operations



# Maximize Platooning Usage

Low Hanging Fruit

Long-Term

**Intra-Fleet** 

Facilitated/
Coordinated

Ubiquitous Platooning

- Major Shippers
- Brokerages/3PLs
- Peloton NOC
- Telematics Partnerships



