

## <u>Objective</u>

Social implementation of new transportation system for public use by a small cart Automated driving technology for the first/last mile mobility

- Support for short distances between transportation hub (railway, bus, etc.) and home, or final destination or in areas
- Reduction of labor costs and Drivers shortage issue
- Demonstrating transportation service of first/last mile automated driving at level 4 (SAE J3016) and a remote type automated driving system (remote control operator and dispatcher)

Sponsor: Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry (METI) and Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism (MLIT)

Period, and budget: 3 years from 2016FY, approximately 400 million yen per year. Team: Hitachi, Ltd., Yamaha Motor Co., Ltd., Toyota Tsusho Corporation, Keio University

### Key points of project

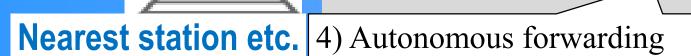
- Establishment of automated driving technology Demonstration of automated driving, safety and reliability of remote operation in real environment
- Clarification of business model (business feasibility)
  Demonstrating the feasibility of service business and the way of continuity in the real regional model
- Establishment of social system
  Discussion on institutional approach of technology and business aspects with relevant ministries, demonstration of infrastructure development
- Establishment of public acceptance Demonstration for high utility value and user acceptance for stakeholders in actual area

### **Service image**

1) Users (elderly, etc.) call automated driving vehicles and get on board

2) Automated driving

3) Users get off at a stop near the destination



Control center (Remote monitoring, operation)

#### Final Destination (Near home etc.)



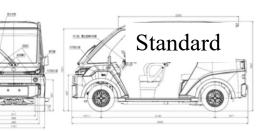
"Smart E Cart"

**Small EV** 

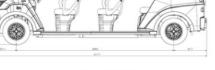


Standard 6seaters Wheelchair

Wheelbase	2,140	,140 2,950	
Length	3,308	4,118	
Width	1,333		
Height	1,697		
Speed	20 km/h		
Capacity	4	6	3
Battery	Li–Ion (5.5 kWh)		



6 seater





Small Electric Vehicle(EV) with autonomous function Advantage

- Available where no gas station in rural area
- EV can be charged during waiting time
- Easy and high efficiency at low speed
- Useful inside building

Disadvantage

• Range anxiety (depending on conditions)

### **Application Image**

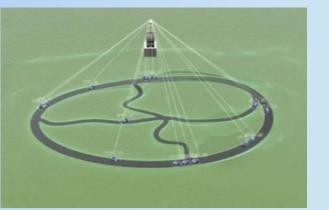




Coverage of First/Last Mile

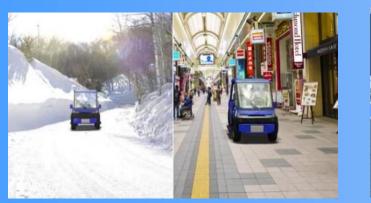


Smart E Cart image



Efficient operation by management system





Snow and indoor by electromagnetic cable



Obstacle detection and safe stop



Obstacles Avoidance by remote operator



# **Demonstration locations**

(3 locations chosen from 23 teams)







Route: Eiheiji station to Eiheiji temple Distance: About 6km

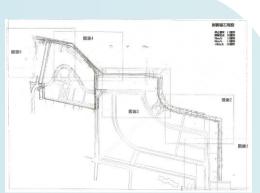


few years ago by own budget

Wajima City, Ishikawa-

Pref. City area model

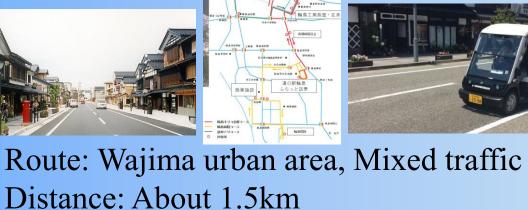








Route: Public building to beach Distance: About 2.5km Stops: 8 cart stops



Wajima started automated vehicle project a

Abandoned line railroad

Eiheiji Town, Fukui-Pref.: **Depopulated area model** 



Several Single tracks **Chatan Town, Okinawa-Pref.:** Sightseeing area model

#### **Experiments**



No operator inside in Wajima City



No operator inside in Eiheiji Town







Remote Operator











Optimum Arrangement for Automated Vehicles by Artificial Intelligent Training and Reinforcement Learning Algorithms in Chatan Town









**Remote Operator** 

### **Plan, Future work**

Evaluation in three locations for one month

- User acceptance for stakeholders and real users
- Business feasibility with local company
- Technology for remote type automated vehicle (1 vs 1, 1 vs 2, 1 vs n)
- Institutional approach

#### Reference

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